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**(54) METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR AUTOMATICALLY TRANSITIONING OF CONFIGURATION
SETTINGS AMONG COMPUTER SYSTEMS**

**VERFAHREN UND SYSTEM FÜR AUTOMATISCHE ÜBERSETZUNG VON
KONFIGURIERUNGSEINSTELLUNGEN ZWISCHEN RECHNERSYSTEMEN**

**PROCEDE ET SYSTEME PERMETTANT LA TRANSITION AUTOMATIQUE DES PARAMETRES
DE CONFIGURATION ENTRE SYSTEMES INFORMATIQUES**

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DescriptionFIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 [0001] The present invention relates to configuration of computers. More specifically, it relates to a method and system for automatic transitioning of configuration settings among computer systems.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 [0002] In today's world, where technology changes very quickly, it is very common to replace an old computer system every few years with a new computing system. It has been estimated that approximately 90,000,000 personal computers are sold each year, with approximately 90% of the sales comprising new computing systems to replace old computing systems. The new computing systems typically include more memory, larger hard-disks, faster central processing units, better quality monitors, updated versions of operating systems, new software applications and other improved features.

15 [0003] Any old computer system typically includes a large number of configuration settings that have been added and/or customized by a user or a network manager. The configuration settings may include Internet settings, modem or other network settings, dial-up phone numbers, a desktop "look and feel," file system folders settings, application settings, folder names and locations, macros and editing options, custom dictionaries, electronic mail ("e-mail") address books, inboxes, passwords, subscriptions, certificates and other configurations or setting customized by a user or a network manager, or other configuration parameters used over time such as cookies, etc.

20 [0004] A method and system for tracking the configuration of a computer coupled to a computer network is disclosed in US 5,758,071 such that configuration data is repeatedly obtained using a first computer wherein the configuration data comprises information about the configuration of the first computer. The configuration data is automatically sent over the computer network to a second computer coupled to the network. The configuration data is logged to a configuration database using the second computer.

25 [0005] There are several problems associated with making a transition from an old computing system to a new computing system. First, there is currently no easy way to determine what configuration settings a user or a network administrator may have customized, since there is no one central location where such configuration files are stored. Operating systems and other hardware and software applications typically have unique directories and unique file names to store configuration files and settings. These unique directories and configuration files can exist virtually anywhere on an old computer system. Trying to collect configuration settings is a difficult task. The average user or network administrator may have to spend large amounts of time reading documentation or help screens to figure out where the configuration files are stored for any given application.

30 [0006] Another problem is that there is no easy way to collect and store heterogeneous configuration settings when they are located. The operating system and applications typically use unique data layouts and data storage features that do not allow for homogenous collection and storage.

35 [0007] Another problem is that there is no easy way to transfer old configuration settings to a new computing system. When a new computer system is used, a user or a user's agent typically has to re-configure the new computing system to include configuration settings that were used on an old computer system. All but the most rudimentary pieces of "the migration process" are done by hand. This requires many hours of hands-on time, with lost productivity and a "start from scratch" resignation. Many users often decide to stick with an obsolete old computer system rather than wrestle migration and manual re-configuration required for a new computing system.

40 [0008] Yet another problem is that configurations settings on an old computing system may be stored in a new location, in a new file, or in new format on a new computing system. An old configuration setting may have to be translated or otherwise modified to provide the same results on the target computing system. Such translation and/or modifications are typically completed by hand and are prone to errors that lead to user frustration.

45 [0009] Yet another problem is that the migration to a new computing system typically requires training on new features of new target computing system before migration can take place. This training often delays the migration process. In addition, a manual migration process used without adequate training on the new computing system can decrease quality of service on the new computing system since one or more configuration settings may be missed on the old computing system and not be transferred to the new computing system.

50 [0010] Yet another problem is the Year 2000 ("Y2K") problem, which may force companies to quickly migrate large numbers of computing systems to new technology before the year 2000. The issues of migration in the face of a Y2K breakdown is a daunting problem by itself. A manual migration process acts to increase the complexity of the Y2K problem.

55 [0011] Thus, it is desirable to automatically determine configuration settings customized by a user or a network administrator on a old computing system. It is also desirable to provide an automatic migration of configuration settings

from an old computing system to a new computing system without using a time consuming manual migration process.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0012] In accordance with preferred embodiments of the present invention, some of the problems associated with transferring configuration settings from an old computer system to a new computer system are overcome. A method and system for automatically transitioning configurations among computer systems is provided by the invention according to claims 1 and 35. One aspect of the invention includes a method for automatically transitioning configuration settings from source (i.e., old) computing system to a target (i.e., new) computing system.

[0013] This method includes locating multiple configuration settings on a source computing system using multiple transition rules from a Personality object. The multiple configuration settings are extracted from a multiple locations on the source computing system. The multiple extracted configuration settings are stored in a pre-determined transition format on the source computing system. The multiple extracted configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format are manipulated. A translation package is prepared from the multiple manipulated configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format. The translation package is used to transfer the multiple manipulated configuration settings from the source computing system to a target computing system.

[0014] The translation package is transferred to a target computing system, or stored as an intermediate step in the transition process. The translation package may also be created stored on an intermediate computing system. The translation package is infused on the target computing system to transition configuration settings from the source computing system to the target computing system. The configuration settings in the translation package may be optionally verified to ensure that the configuration settings have been correctly applied to the target computing system.

[0015] Another aspect of the invention includes an automatic transition system. The system comprises a database, and extraction application, a preparation application, an injection application and a user interface application. However, more or fewer system components could also be used and the present invention is not limited to the system components described.

[0016] The database is used for storing configuration settings extracted from a source computing system, manipulated configuration settings from a source computing system, and transition packages to transition configuration settings from a source computing system to a target computing system. The database may include data stored in a database format or in other formats such as a data structure format, a file format, or other volatile or non-volatile formats. The extraction application is used for locating and extracting configuration settings on a source computing system for transition to a target computing system. The preparation application is used for manipulating configuration settings extracted from a source computing system and for preparing a transition package. The injection application is used for infusing manipulated configuration settings from a transition package to transition configuration settings from a source computing system to a target computing system. The user interface application is used for preparing an extraction plan and a transition plan to extract and transition configuration settings from a source computing system for a target computing system.

[0017] The method and system provide an automated transition process for transition configuration settings from a target computing system to a host computing system. The method and system may vastly reduce transition, configuration and deployment times for service providers, corporations, and end-users for transitions from a target computing system to source computing system. The method and system may save time, resources, improve transition quality, and reduce user frustration.

[0018] The foregoing and other features and advantages of preferred embodiments of the present invention will be more readily apparent from the following detailed description. The detailed description proceeds with references to the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0019] Preferred embodiments of the present invention are described with reference to the following drawings, wherein:

- FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary translation system;
- FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary layered transition architecture;
- FIG. 3 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for automatically determining transition configuration settings from a source computing system for a target computing system;
- FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating components of a Personality object;
- FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for automatically applying determined transition configuration settings;
- FIGS. 6A and 6B are flow diagram illustrating a method for automatically transitioning configuration settings; and
- FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating a data flow for the automatic configuration setting transition method of FIGS.

6A and 6B.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

5 Exemplary transition system

[0020] FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary transition system 10 for automatically transitioning configuration settings from a source (i.e., old) computing system to a target (i.e., new) computing system. The transition system 10 includes a source computing system 12. The source computing system 12 includes a Transition application 14. The Transition application 14 comprises: a database 16, an Extraction application 18, a User Interface application 20, and a Preparation application 22. The Transition application 14 further comprises an Injection application 24 that is sent to a target computing system 26. However, more or fewer components could also be used in the transition system 10, including intermediate computing systems between the source computing system 12 and the target computing system 26, and the present invention is not limited to the components illustrated in FIG. 1.

[0021] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the database 16 is used for storing configuration settings extracted from the source computing system 12, manipulated configuration settings and transition packages to transition configuration settings from the source computing system 12 to a target computing system 26. The database 16 may include data stored in a database format or in other formats such as a data structure format, a file format, or other volatile or non-volatile storage formats. The Extraction application 18 is used for locating and extracting configuration settings on the source computing system 12 to transition to the target computing system 26. The User Interface application 20 is used for preparing an extraction plan and a transition plan to extract and transition configuration settings from the source computing system 12 to the target computing system 26. The Preparation application 22 is used for manipulating configuration setting extracted from the source computing system 12 and for preparing a transition package. The transition package is used to transition configuration settings from the source computing system 12 to the target computing system 26. The Injection application 24 is used for infusing manipulated configuration settings from a transition package to transition configuration settings from the source computing system 12 to a target computing system 26. However, the present invention is not limited to the functionality described for the transition applications, and the transition applications can include more or less functionality. The transition applications are explained in detail below.

[0022] In one embodiment of the present invention, the Transition application 14 including the database 16, the Extraction application 18, the User Interface application 20, and the Preparation application 22 without the Injection application 24 reside on the source computing system 12. This is illustrated in FIG. 1 by the dashed line dividing source and target components of the Transition application 14. In such an embodiment, only the Injection application 24 resides on the target computing system 26.

[0023] In another preferred embodiment of the present invention, a Transition application 14 including a database 16, an Extraction application 18, a User Interface application 20, and a Preparation application 22, and an Injection application 24 resides on both the source computing system 12 and the target computing system 26 (not illustrated in FIG. 1).

[0024] In another preferred embodiment of the present invention, the source computing system 12 only temporarily includes the Transition application 14. That is, the Transition application 14 is not installed on any non-volatile storage on the source computing system 12. The Transition application 14 only "resides" in volatile storage (e.g., Random Access Memory ("RAM")) on the source computing system 12 during the extraction and preparation portion of the transition process. The target computing system 26 may also only temporarily include the Injection application 24. The Injection application 14 may also only reside in volatile storage on the target computing system 14 during the injection portion of the translation process.

[0025] In yet another embodiment of the present invention, components of the Translation application 14 may only exist on a "third" computing system and not on either the source computing system 12 or the target computing system 14. Additional software applications may be used only to retrieve and only to inject settings and such software applications would be present only on the source computing system 12 or the target computing system 14 and coordinated from the third computing system. In yet another embodiment of the present invention, computer hardware or firmware may be employed in such a manner that configuration settings are extracted and injected without a software Transition application 14 existing on the source computing system 12 or the target computing system 14.

[0026] In yet another preferred embodiment of the present invention, the source computing system 12 may only include the Extraction application 18. The other components of the Transition application 14 reside on one or more other computing systems and can be used in a distributed fashion. Extracted transition data can also be stored on the one or more other computing systems using distributed computing.

[0027] An operating environment for the computing systems 12, 26 of the present invention include a processing system with one or more high speed Central Processing Unit(s) ("CPU") and a memory system. In accordance with

the practices of persons skilled in the art of computer programming, the present invention is described below with reference to acts and symbolic representations of operations or instructions that are performed by the processing system. Such acts and operations or instructions are referred to as being "computer-executed" or "CPU executed."

[0028] The CPU can be either electrical or biological. The acts and symbolically represented operations or instructions include the manipulation of electrical signals or biological signals by the CPU. An electrical system or biological system represents data bits that cause a resulting transformation or reduction of the electrical signals or biological signals. The maintenance of data bits at memory locations in a memory system to thereby reconfigure or otherwise alter the CPU's operation, as well as other processing of signals. The memory locations where data bits are maintained are physical locations that have particular electrical, magnetic, optical, or organic properties corresponding to the data bits.

[0029] The data bits may also be maintained on a computer readable medium including magnetic disks, optical disks, electrical memory, organic memory, and any other volatile (e.g., Random Access Memory ("RAM")) or non-volatile (e.g., Read-Only Memory ("ROM"), a hard disk, etc.) mass storage system readable by the CPU. The computer readable medium includes cooperating or interconnected computer readable medium, which exist exclusively on the processing system or be distributed among multiple interconnected processing systems that may be local or remote to the processing system.

Exemplary transition architecture

[0030] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary layered transition architecture 28 for the Transition application 14 of FIG. 1. The Transition application 14 resides in a transition core process 30. The transition core process 30 includes a control module 32 that is an interface to an operating system 34. The operating system 34 can be a windowed operating system such as Windows 95/98/NT by Microsoft Corporation of Redmond, Washington, and other windowed or non-windowed operating systems can also be used (e.g., Linux). The transition core process 30 uses plug-in modules 36 to interface to the operating system 34 and to process configuration settings from the source computing system 12. The plug-in modules 36 also allow additional modules to be added to provide new and enhanced functionality for the transition core process 30. The plug-in modules 36 are explained below (See FIG. 4).

[0031] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, a first transition core process 30 on the source computing system 12 controls the Extraction application 18 (FIG. 1), the User Interface application 20 (FIG. 1), and the Preparation application 22 (FIG. 1). The operating system 34 on the target computing system 26 controls execution of the Injection application 24 on the target computing system 26 (e.g., the Injection application 24 is an executable file (.EXE)). In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, a first transition core process 30 on the source computing system 12 controls the Extraction application 18, the User Interface application 20, and the Preparation application 22. A second transition core process 30 on the target computing system 12 controls a first Injection application 24 on the target computing system 26.

[0032] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition core process 30 includes an Application Programmer's Interface ("API"). The transition API allows other applications to call transition application functions (e.g., Hyper Text Markup Language ("HTML"), Java, Visual Basic, Visual Basic Scripts, C++, Visual C++, etc.). The transition API also includes functions for low level Input/Output ("I/O"), high level I/O, and smart I/O. The low level I/O includes functions for file system I/O, database 16 interaction, transition specific I/O, operating system registry I/O, etc. The high level I/O includes retrieval of configuration settings, storage of configuration settings, etc. The smart I/O includes smart configuration setting searching capabilities, smart copying capabilities, etc.

[0033] The transition core process 30 includes an output layer 38, a protocol layer 40, a message layer 42, a database 16 and a file layer 44. The output layer 38 is used for the various types of I/O as was described above. The protocol layer 40 allows the transition core process 30 to use protocols such as Hyper Text Transfer Protocol ("HTTP"), File Transfer Protocol ("FTP"), User Datagram Protocol ("UDP"), Transmission Control Protocol ("TCP"), Internet Protocol ("IP") and other protocols to communicate with the source computing system 12 and the target computing system 26. The message layer 42 is used for electronic mail ("e-mail") and other communications with the operating system 34 and the source computing system 12 and the target computing system 26.

[0034] The database 16 includes objects used to locate configuration settings on the source computing system. The database 16 may be temporary storage such as RAM, or permanent storage such as a floppy disk, hard disk, re-writeable, CD-ROM, Flash memory, Flash-ROM, or other non-volatile computer readable media. The file layer 44 includes configuration settings extracted from the source computing system 12. The file layer 44 allows files to be create and retrieved across file volumes including local and remote file systems. However, more or fewer layers could also be used in the translation architecture 28. The present invention is not limited to the architecture layers illustrated in FIG. 2.

Automatic transition of configuration settings

[0035] FIG. 3 is a flow diagram illustrating a Method 46 for automatically transitioning configuration settings from a source computing system to a target computing system. At Step 48, multiple configuration settings are located on a source computing system using multiple transition rules from a Personality object. At Step 50, multiple configuration settings are extracted from multiple locations on the source computing system. At Step 52, the multiple extracted configuration settings are stored in a pre-determined transition format. At Step 54, the multiple extracted configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format are manipulated. At Step 56, a transition package is created from the multiple manipulated configuration settings. The transition package includes the multiple manipulated configuration settings. The transition package is sent from the source computing system to the target computing system or stored as an intermediate step in the transition process. The transition package may also be stored one or more intermediate computing systems, local or remote to the source computing system or the target computing system. The transition package is infused on the target computing system to transition configuration settings from the source computing system to a target computing system.

[0036] Preferred embodiments of the present invention use object-oriented programming techniques. However, non-object-oriented programming techniques could also be used. As is known in the art, an "object type," also called an "object class," comprises a data-type, services that operate on instances of the data type, and a set of object attributes in an object-oriented data-structure. An "object attribute" is a field of data in an object that partially defines that object's state. An "object service" implements and manipulates objects, usually by reading or changing the object attributes. "Object-oriented design" is a software development technique in which a system or component is expressed using objects.

[0037] An object typically is an object-oriented data-structure that has two components: a function table, containing a pointer to each "object member" or member function (i.e., sometimes known as an "object method") defined in the object's class, an events table, for accepting events (e.g., OLE or ActiveX control events) and a data block, containing the current values for each object variable (i.e., data members, sometimes known as an "object property"). A computer software application has some reference to an object through an object pointer. A computer software application obtains this object reference by using some type of function call (direct or implied) in which that function allocates an object block in computer memory, initializes the function table, and returns a reference to allocated computer memory to an application. The computer memory may be local or distributed on a remote computer.

[0038] The Component Object Model ("COM") and Distributed Component Object Model ("DCOM") are models used for object-oriented programming and known to those skilled in the art. The COM and DCOM specify how objects within a single application or between applications (e.g., client/server applications) interact and communicate by defining a set of standard interfaces. Interfaces are groupings of schematically related functions through which a client application accesses the services of a server application.

[0039] Object Linking and Embedding ("OLE") controls, such as OLE controls and ActiveX Controls by the Microsoft Corporation of Redmond, Washington, are based in part on the Component Object Model and allow the creation of objects of different formats which operate on data through defined interfaces, rather than operating on the applications responsible for the data. ActiveX is based in part on OLE technologies. An OLE or ActiveX control is an object that accepts and responds to events, such a selection by a mouse or a key on a keyboard, or a selection by another object-oriented member function. Detailed information on the OLE object interface can be found in *Inside OLE*, 2nd edition, by Kraig Brockschmidt, Microsoft Press, Redmond Washington, 1995 which is incorporated herein by reference.

[0040] In an exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, at Step 48, multiple configuration settings are located on the source computing system 12 using multiple transition rules from a Personality object. In an exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Personality object includes five object-oriented plug-in modules 36. However, more or fewer object-oriented plug-in modules 36 could also be used.

Translation Personality object

[0041] FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating components of a Personality object 58. The Personality object 58 includes a Desktop object 60, a Network object 62, an Internet object 64, a Mail object 66 and an Applications object 68. However, more or fewer objects could also be used in the Personality object 58. The objects include information about configuration settings such as location, name, associated sub-settings, etc. In an exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the objects 60, 62, 64, 66, 68 in the Personality object 58 are object-oriented objects. However, non-object oriented objects could also be used in the Personality object 58. The Personality object 58 and related objects 60, 62, 64, 66, 68 comprise object classes that include one or more object members and a data block as was described above.

[0042] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Desktop object 60 includes user preferences that affect the appearance and operation of a basic windowed user interface. Exemplary configuration settings

included in the Desktop object 60 are illustrated in Table 1. However, more or fewer configuration settings can also be used in the Desktop object 60, and the present invention is not limited to the configuration settings illustrated in FIG. 1.

Desktop Object 60
Visual Elements
Fonts including meta data colors, themes, sounds, password wall paper, screen savers, metrics, etc.
Accessibility Elements
Settings that disable accessibility to the source computing system 12
User Interface Hardware Settings
Display resolutions, mouse trails, keyboard mappings, character settings, etc.
Regional Settings
Time zones, data formats, language, currency settings, etc.
Windows Preferences
Start menus, desktop shortcuts, document and run commands, etc.
Registry Settings

Table 1.

[0043] The Network object 62 includes configuration settings that enable functionality within a private network of computers such as a Local Area Network ("LAN") or an intranet. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Network object 62 may not include hardware configuration settings. The Network object 62 may instead include configuration settings that configure the operating system 34, that in turn are mapped to underlying hardware on the source computing system 12. In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the network object 62 may include hardware settings.

[0044] Exemplary configuration settings included in the Network object 62 are illustrated in Table 2. However, more or fewer configuration settings can also be used in the Network object 62, and the present invention is not limited to the configuration settings illustrated in Table 2.

Network Object 62
Service Providers
Name, network addresses (e.g., IP address), dial-up numbers, etc.
Services
Network services, etc.
Clients
Proxies, network servers, etc.
Domains
Domain names and subnets, workgroups
Protocols
TCP, UDP, IP, HTTP, FTP, etc.
Registry Settings

Table 2.

[0045] The configuration settings from the Network Object 62 are applied to the target computing system 26 within the context of operating system 34 services available on the target computing system 26. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Network Object 62 will not install configuration settings for network applications that are not available on the target computing system. For example, if the source computing system 12 has TCP/IP installed, the Network Object 62 will locate and extract relevant TCP/IP settings from the source computing system 12. If the target computing system does not have TCP/IP installed, the Network Object 62 will not automatically transition the TCP/IP settings from the source computing system 12, since the TCP/IP settings can not be used. In another embodiment of the present invention, if the source computing system 12 has configuration settings for a network application that is not installed on the target system (e.g., TCP/IP) the network application will be installed on the target computing system and the appropriate configuration settings will then be applied.

[0046] Another feature of the Network Object 62 is to allow a user to review and edit configuration settings before they are applied to the target computing system 26. For example, a network address (e.g., an IP address) extracted

from the source computing system may or may not be appropriate for the target computing system, since the target computing system may be installed on a different computer network. Thus, the user can review and edit the configuration settings before they are applied to the target computing system 26.

[0047] The Internet Object 64 includes configuration settings that are relevant to the public network of computers provided by the Internet. As is known in the art, the Internet is a world-wide network of inter-connected computers. Exemplary configuration settings included in the Internet object 64 are illustrated in Table 3. However, more or fewer configuration settings can also be used in the Internet object 64, and the present invention is not limited to the configuration settings illustrated in Table 3.

Internet Object 64

Accounts

Internet service provider accounts, logins, passwords, etc.

Internet Browser

Internet Explorer, Netscape Navigator, etc.

Internet browser options

Favorites, addresses (i.e., Uniform Resource Locators ("URL's"), cookies, bookmarks, histories, newsgroup filters, security settings, channels, certificates, etc.

Dial-up networking settings

Dial-up numbers, login names, passwords, etc.

Network addresses

IP addresses, etc.

Registry settings

Table 3.

[0048] The Mail object 66 includes configuration settings for electronic mail ("e-mail") and other communication messaging used on the old computer system 12. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Mail object 66 includes configuration settings for Exchange, Outlook and Outlook Express, by Microsoft, Communicator, by Netscape Corporation of Mountain View, California, Pegasus, Eudora, and Lotus Notes, by IBM. However, more or fewer e-mail or communications programs could also be supported by the Mail object 66, and the present invention is not limited to the e-mail and communications programs listed.

[0049] Exemplary configuration settings included in the Mail object 66 are illustrated in Table 4. However, more or fewer configuration settings can also be used in the Mail object 66, and the present invention is not limited to the configuration settings illustrated in Table 4.

Mail Object 66

E-mail, communication applications

Express, Outlook, Outlook Express, Communicator, Pegasus, Eudora, Lotus Notes, etc.

Settings

E-mail address identification, address books, inbox/outbox folders, mail folders, etc.

Meta Data

Custom dictionaries, templates, macros, forms

Registry Settings

Table 4.

The e-mail address identification in the Mail Object 66 includes addresses such as a Point-Of-Presence ("POP"), a Simple Mail Transfer Protocol ("SMTP") and other e-mail related addresses.

[0050] The Applications object 68 includes configuration settings of applications installed on the source computing system 12. For example, the applications may include Microsoft Word, Excel, Power Point, etc., applications in the Word Perfect Suite, by Corel and other applications from the source computing system 12.

[0051] Exemplary configuration settings included in the Application object 68 are illustrated in Table 5. However, more or fewer configuration settings can also be used in the Application object 68, and the present invention is not limited to the configuration settings illustrated in Table 5.

Application Object 68**Application**

Word, Excel, Power Point, Word Perfect, etc.

Settings

Dictionaries, style, formats, language, fonts, etc.

Registry Settings**Table 5.**

In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Application object 68 includes configuration settings for applications following design guidelines developed for Microsoft Windows operating system applications. However, other design guideline developed for applications for other operating systems, such as Linux, could also be used to determine which configuration settings are included in the Application object 68, and the present invention is not limited to an Application object 68 including configuration settings for just Microsoft Windows applications.

Exemplary automatic configuration setting translation

[0052] Returning to FIG. 3, at Step 48, multiple configuration settings are located on a source computing system using multiple transition rules from the Personality object 60 (FIG. 4). In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Extraction application 18 uses the Personality object 60 to locate configuration settings on the source computing system 12.

[0053] The locating Step 48 can also be used to locate configuration settings on more than one computer simultaneously (e.g., a desktop computer and a laptop computer). The User Interface application 20 is used to configure the Extraction application 18. The User Interface application 20 includes a list of "identity units" corresponding to configuration settings that will be extracted from the source computing system 12 and infused on the target computing system 26. The User Interface application 20 includes the ability to "drill-down" to multiple options and sub-options within an identity unit.

[0054] The User Interface application 20 configures the Extraction application 18 with the following options: 1.) what configuration settings to extract; 2.) where to store the results; 3.) at what level will the extraction take place; 4.) how the results are "tagged" for later retrieval; and 5.) how verbose or silent the extraction process is. However, more or fewer options could also be configured on Extraction application 18.

[0055] The "what to extract" option includes creating an Extraction plan. The Extraction plan identifies specific identity units that should be located and a list of options for each identity unit. The Extraction plan includes a full list of identity units to be located, an exclusion list and an inclusion list. The full list is a "vanilla" state that specifies all identity units known on the source computing system 12 that should be located and extracted. The Extraction plan may be modified by excluding one or more identity units from the full list. For example, if the full list included 250 identity units, an exclusion list could be used to exclude 50 identity units from the full list. If available, the Extraction application 18, uses the exclusion list instead of the full list to locate and extract configuration settings corresponding to the identity units from the source computing system 12 (e.g., at Steps 50 and 52 of Method 48).

[0056] The inclusion list allows a user to select any of the identity units from the full list. For example, if the full list included 250 identity units, a user may select only 30 identity units from the 250 available identity units. Thus, the only the 30 configuration settings from the inclusion list from the Extraction plan will marked as "active." The remaining 230 possible configuration settings are marked as "in-active" and are not used. If available, the Extraction application 18, uses the inclusion list instead of the full list to locate and extract the configuration settings corresponding to the identity units. If no exclusion list or inclusion list is created, the Extraction application 18, by default uses the full list to locate and extract configuration settings on the source computing system 12.

[0057] The User Interface 20 is also used to configure the Preparation application 22. The Preparation application 22 is configured in a similar manner to that described for the Extraction application 18. However, the Preparation application 22 includes a "Transition plan" instead of an Extraction plan. The Transition plan includes a full list, as a default list, and allows creation of exclusion and inclusion lists as was discussed for the Extraction plan.

[0058] Returning again to FIG. 3, at Step 50, multiple configuration settings are extracted from multiple locations on the source computing system by the Extraction application 18 using the Personality object 60. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Extraction application 18 uses objects from the Personality object 60 and the Extraction plan described to produce "work product" that is stored in a pre-determined transition format at Step 52. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the work product is stored on the source computing system 12. In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the work product is stored on one or more intermediate computing systems in volatile or non-volatile storage.

[0059] In one preferred embodiment of the present invention, the pre-determined transition format used to store the

configuration settings is a database format for relational databases. However, non-relational database formats could also be used. In one preferred embodiment of the present invention, the pre-determined transition format is a database format for System Query Language ("SQL") databases. In another preferred embodiment of the present invention, the pre-determined transfer format is a database format for a Microsoft Access databases. However, other pre-determined transition formats can also be used and the present invention is not limited to the database formats described.

[0060] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Extraction application 18 stores the configuration settings in a pre-determined transition format in temporary volatile storage (e.g., in RAM). In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Extraction application 18 includes a Loader application that is used to transfer data from temporary storage to the database 16. In such an embodiment, the Extraction application 18 does not maintain a persistent connection with the database 16. The transfer of information from temporary storage to the database 16 is accomplished with the Loader application. In yet another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Extraction application 18 maintains a persistent connection with the database 16 and is capable of writing configuration settings in the pre-determined format directly into the database 16.

[0061] At Step 54, the multiple extracted configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format are manipulated. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the configuration settings are manipulated with the Preparation application 22 using the Transition plan described above. For example, the Extraction application 18 may extract 250 configuration settings from the source computer with an exemplary Extraction plan that included only a full list (i.e., no extraction list or inclusion list). An exemplary Transition plan may include only an inclusion list. The exemplary inclusion list may include only 30 of 250 possible configuration settings from the Extraction plan. Thus, the only the 30 configuration settings from the inclusion list from the Transition plan will marked as "active" in the pre-determined transition format by the Preparation application 22. The remaining 230 possible configuration settings are marked as "in-active" by the Preparation application 22 and not used. Various combinations of full lists, exclusion lists, inclusion lists, from the Extraction plan and Transition plan can be used, and the present invention is not limited to this example.

[0062] The manipulation at Step 54 also includes transitioning one or more configuration settings from a format used on the source computing system to a format used on the target computing system. For example, a configuration setting for a computer monitor may be stored with the name config-monitor-old on the source computer system. However, on the target computer system, the same configuration setting may be stored with a name config-monitor-new. In addition, a configuration setting may be stored in a first directory-A on the source system, and in a second directory-B, on the target system. The preparation application 22 handles such transitions at step 54.

[0063] At Step 56, a transition package is created from the multiple manipulated configuration settings. In an exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Preparation application 22 creates a transition package. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition package includes a list of commands along with necessary source data for the manipulated configuration settings. The list of command may be used to provide an ordering for transitioning the configuration settings. However, other transition package formats could also be used and the present invention is not limited to the transition packages described. The transition package will be used by the Injection application 24 to transition the desired configuration settings from the source computing system 12 to the target computing system 26.

[0064] In an exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition package is stored in the database 16 by the Preparation application 22. In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition package is also transferred directly to the Injection application 24. In yet another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition package is read from the database 16 by the Preparation application 22 and the Injection application included in at a later time.

Applying a transition package to a target computing system

[0065] FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating a Method 70 for automatically applying transition configuration settings. At Step 72, a transition package is received on a target computing system from a source computing system. At Step 74, the transition package is infused on the target computing system to automatically transition manipulated configuration settings from the source computing system to the target computing system. At Step 76, transition package is optionally verified on the target computing system to ensure that the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system.

[0066] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition package is sent from the Preparation application 22 on the source computing system 12 within an Injection application 24 to the target computing system 26. The Injection application 24 with the transition package can be sent to the target computing system 26 via on a floppy disk, zip-disk, or CD-ROM, or transferred using e-mail, TCP/IP, FTP, or with other network transfer mechanisms. At Step 72, the target computing system 26 receives the Injection application 24 with the transition package from the source computing system 12. As was described above, in one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the transition package includes a list of commands along with necessary source data for multiple manipulated

configuration settings. At Step 74, an Injection application 24 "infuses" the target computing system 26 with manipulated configuration settings from the source computing system 12. The Injection application 24 reads and executes the list of commands from the transition package to transition configuration to the target computing system 26. The Injection application 24 is invoked by the operating system 34 on the target computing system. At Step 76, transition package is optionally verified on the target computing system 26 to ensure that the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system 26. In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Injection application 24 also verifies the injection of the transition configuration settings on the target computing system 26. In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, a separate Verification application verifies configuration settings infused by the Injection application 24.

Exemplary automatic transition of configuration settings

[0067] FIGS. 6A and 6B are flow diagram 78 illustrating one exemplary method for automatically transitioning configuration settings for one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention. However, the present invention is not limited to this exemplary embodiment and other embodiments could also be used. At Step 80 of FIG. 6A, an Extraction plan and a Transition plan are prepared with the User Interface application 20. At Step 82, multiple configuration settings are located on a source computing system 12 with an Extraction application 18 using a Personality object 58. At step 84, the multiple configuration settings are extracted from multiple locations on the source computing system 12 with the Extraction application 18 and the Extraction plan. At Step 86, the multiple extracted configuration settings are stored in a database format on the source computing system 12. At Step 88, the multiple extracted configuration settings are manipulated with a Preparation application 22 and the Transition plan. At Step 90, a transition package is prepared from the multiple manipulated configuration settings by the Preparation application 22. The transition package is used to transition configuration settings from the source computing system to the target computing system 26.

[0068] At Step 92 of FIG. 6B, an Injection application 24 including the transition package is prepared by the Preparation application 22. The Injection application 24 uses the transition package to transition configuration settings from the source computing system to the target computing system. At Step 94, the Injection application 24 including the transition package is sent from the source computing system 12 to the target computing system 26.

[0069] At Step 94, the Injection application including the transition package is received on the target computing system 26 from the source computing system 12. At Step 98, the transition package is infused with the Injection application 24 on the target computing system 26 to transition configuration settings from the source computing system 12 to the target computing system 26. At Step 100, configuration settings from the transition package are optionally verified with the Injection application 24 to ensure that the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system.

Data flow for exemplary automatic transition of configuration settings

[0070] FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating a data flow 102 for the automatic configuration setting transition from FIGS. 6A and 6B. The User Interface application 20 is used to create 104 an Extraction plan and a Transition plan (e.g., Step 80 of FIG. 6A). The Extraction application 18 locates and extracts 106 multiple configuration settings from multiple locations on the source computing system using the Personality object 58 and the Extraction plan (e.g., Steps 82 and 84). The multiple extracted configuration settings are stored 108 in a pre-determined transition format in temporary storage on the source computing system 12 (e.g., Step 86). The multiple extracted configuration settings may also be stored 110 in persistent storage in the database 16. The Preparation application 22 manipulates 112 the multiple extracted configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format using the Transition plan (e.g., Step 88). The Preparation application 22 creates 114 a transition package from the multiple manipulated configuration settings. The transition package includes the multiple manipulated configuration settings (e.g., Step 90).

[0071] As was discussed above, the transition package can be stored 116 in the database 16 by the Preparation application 22. The transition package can also be transferred directly to the Injection application 24. The transition package can also be read from the database 16 by the Preparation application 22 and sent to the Injection application 24 at a later time. The Preparation application 22 prepares 118 an Injection Application 24 including the transition package (e.g., Step 92, FIG. 6B). The Injection Application 24 is sent 120 from the source computing system 12 to the target computing system 26 (e.g., Step 94).

[0072] The target computing system 26 receives the injection application 24 with transition package from the source computing system 12 (e.g., Step 96). The Injection application 24 "infuses" 122 the target computing system 26 with manipulated configuration settings in the transition package from the source computing system 12 (e.g., Step 98). The Injection application 24 reads and executes the list of commands from the transition package to transition configuration to the target computing system 26. The transition package is optionally verified 124 on the target computing system

26 to ensure that the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system 26 (e.g., Step 100).

Exemplary automatic transition products

[0073] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Extraction application 18, the User Interface application 20, the Preparation application 22 and the Injection application 24 are Windows 32-bit ("Win32") applications written in C++ and Visual Basic. However, the present invention is not limited to Win32 applications, and other types of applications can also be used. In addition, other programming languages could also be used to implement the transition applications. The transition Win32 applications support the exemplary transition illustrated in Table 6. However, the present invention is not limited to the transitions illustrated in Table 6, and other transitions could also be made between a source computing system and a target computing system.

Windows 95 ver. X to Windows 95 ver. Y
Windows 95 to Windows 98
Windows 98 ver. X to Windows 98 ver. Y
Windows 95 to Windows NT
Windows 98 to Windows NT
Windows NT ver. X to Windows NT ver. Y
Windows XX to Windows YY
Windows XX ver. X to Windows YY ver. Y

Table 6.

[0074] In one exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, the present invention may also include the transition of configuration settings to a target computing system that are NOT present on a source computing system, but were calculated from other settings on the source computing system. Such an embodiment can be inclusive such that "old settings" as well as "new calculated settings" are injected. The translation process may also be exclusive such that a target computing system does not receive any "old settings" but only new settings "calculated" from the old settings on a source computing system. The translation process may also be used for extracting configuration settings from multiple source computing systems that are local or remote, and "conglomerating" them onto a single target computing system.

[0075] In another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, configuration settings can be transitioned without any transition data ever being embodied into a persistent storage medium. In such an embodiment, extracted transition data is transmitted via a data stream over a network and is consumed (i.e., processed and or injected) without ever being stored in a persistent storage medium.

[0076] In yet another exemplary preferred embodiment of the present invention, a target computing system can be infused with configurations settings that have not originated from a source computing system and have not been calculated from old configuration settings on the source computing system. In such an embodiment, a new target computing system is built and configuration settings are from a "newly developed" source that is not a source computing system (e.g., a proposed new operating system or proposed new computer hardware).

[0077] In yet another embodiment of the present invention, the transitioning process may also take settings from a single source computing system and "distribute" them to multiple target computing systems such that only a subset of the settings from the source computing system reside on any one target computing system. The subsets of transition data may overlap or be exclusive.

[0078] In yet another embodiment of the present invention, the transition process may take configuration settings from multiple source computing systems and inject them onto multiple target computing systems, but in a manner such that there is no correlation between the configuration settings from the source computing systems and target computing systems the configuration settings are injected onto. For example, three configuration settings from a first source computing system are transitioned to a first set target computing systems, while one configuration setting from a second source computing system is transitioned to a second set of target computing systems not including the first set of target computing systems.

[0079] The methods and system described herein provide an automated transition process for transition configuration settings from a target computing system to a host computing system. The method and system may vastly reduce transition, configuration and deployment times for service providers, corporations, and end-users for transitions from a target computing system to source computing system. The method and system may also save time, resources, improve transition quality, and lower user frustration.

[0080] It should be understood that the programs, processes, methods and systems described herein are not related

or limited to any particular type of computer or network system (hardware or software), unless indicated otherwise. Various types of general purpose or specialized computer systems may be used with or perform operations in accordance with the teachings described herein.

[0081] In view of the wide variety of embodiments to which the principles of the present invention can be applied, it should be understood that the illustrated embodiments are exemplary only, and should not be taken as limiting the scope of the present invention. For example, the steps of the flow diagrams may be taken in sequences other than those described, and more or fewer elements may be used in the block diagrams. While various elements of the preferred embodiments have been described as being implemented in software, in other embodiments hardware or firmware implementations may alternatively be used, and vice-versa.

[0082] The claims should not be read as limited to the described order or elements unless stated to that effect. Therefore, all embodiments that come within the scope of the following claims and equivalents thereto are claimed as the invention.

Claims

1. A method for automatically transitioning configuration settings from a source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26), comprising the steps of:

locating a plurality of configuration settings on a source computing system (12); using a Personality object (58); extracting the plurality of configuration settings from a plurality of locations on the source computing system (12); storing the plurality of extracted configuration settings in a pre-determined transition format; manipulating the plurality of extracted configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format; and preparing a transition package from the plurality of manipulated configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format, wherein the transition package is used to transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26).

2. A computer readable medium having stored therein instructions for causing a central processing unit to execute the method of Claim 1.

3. The method of Claim 1 further comprising:

transferring the transition package to a target computing system (26); and infusing the transition package on the target computing system (26) to transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to the target computing system (26).

4. The method of Claim 3 further comprising:

optionally verifying that the configuration settings in the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system (26).

5. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of extracting the plurality of configuration settings includes extracting the plurality of configuration settings using an extraction plan.

6. The method of Claim 5 wherein the extraction plan includes a full list of configuration settings available on the source computing system (12), an exclusion list, to exclude one or more configuration settings from the full list, and an inclusion list, to include only selected ones of the configuration settings from the full list.

7. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of storing the plurality of extracted configuration settings in a pre-determined transition format includes storing the plurality of configuration settings in a pre-determined transition format suitable for a database (16) on the source computing system (12).

8. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of storing the plurality of extracted configuration settings in a pre-determined transition format includes storing the extracted configuration settings in a pre-determined transition format in any of a volatile or non-volatile storage on the source computing system (12).

9. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of manipulating the plurality of extracted configuration settings stored in

the pre-determined transition format includes transitioning a first configuration setting in a first format used on the source computing system (12) into a second configuration setting in a second format used on the target computing system (26).

10. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of manipulating the plurality of extracted configuration settings stored in the pre-determined transition format includes removing one or more of the extracted configuration settings.

11. The method of Claim 10 wherein the one or more of the extracted configuration settings are removed based on a transition plan.

12. The method of Claim 11 wherein the transition plan includes a full list of configuration settings extracted from the source computing system (12), an exclusion list, to exclude one or more configuration settings from the full list, and an inclusion list, to include only selected ones of the configuration settings from the full list.

13. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of preparing a transition package from plurality of extracted configuration settings includes preparing a list of commands along with the plurality of manipulated configuration settings and related data for the target computing system (26).

14. The method of Claim 1 wherein the Personality object (58) includes a computer readable medium having stored therein a plurality of object-oriented data structures for locating configuration settings on the source computing system (12), the computer readable medium comprising:

a Desktop object-oriented object (60) for storing information about configuration settings associated with a windowed graphical user interface;

a Network object-oriented object (62) for storing information about configuration settings associated with a computer network;

an Internet object-oriented object (64) for storing information about configuration settings associated with the Internet;

a Mail object-oriented object (66) for information about configurations settings associated with electronic mail; and

an Application object-oriented object (68) for information about configuration settings associated with software applications.

15. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of locating a plurality of configuration settings includes locating a plurality of configuration settings with an Extraction application (18).

16. The method of Claim 1 wherein the wherein the step of extraction a plurality of configuration settings includes extraction a plurality of configuration settings with an Extraction application (18) using an extraction plan.

17. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of manipulating the plurality of extracted configuration settings includes manipulating the plurality of extracted configuration settings with a Preparation application (22) using a transition plan.

18. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of preparing a transition package from the plurality of manipulated configuration settings includes preparing a transition package with a Preparation application (22), wherein the transition package is included within an Injection application (24) prepared by the Preparation application (22).

19. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

receiving a transition package on a target computing system (26) from a source computing system (12), wherein the transition package includes a plurality of manipulated configuration settings from the source computing system (12) and wherein the transition package is used to transition manipulated configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to the target computing system (26);

infusing the transition package on the target computing system (26) to automatically transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to the target computing system (26); and

optionally verifying configuration settings from the source computing system (12) on the target computing system (26) to ensure that the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system (26).

20. A computer readable medium having stored therein instructions for causing a central processing unit to execute the method of Claim 19.

21. The method of Claim 19 wherein the step of receiving a transition package on a target computing system (26) includes receiving an Injection application (24) including the transition package.

22. The method of Claim 19 wherein the step of infusing the transition package on the target computing system (26) includes infusing the transition package with an Injection application (24), wherein the Injection application (24) includes the transition package.

23. The method of Claim 19 wherein the step of optionally verifying configuration settings includes optionally verifying configuration settings with an Injection application (24).

24. The method of claim 1 further comprising a computer readable medium having stored therein a plurality of object-oriented data structures for a Personality object (58) for locating configuration settings on a source computing system (12), the computer readable medium comprising:

- a Desktop object-oriented object (60) for storing information about configuration settings associated with a windowed graphical user interface;
- a Network object-oriented object (62) for storing information about configuration settings associated with a computer network;
- an Internet object-oriented object (64) for storing information about configuration settings associated with the Internet;
- a Mail object-oriented object (66) for storing information about configurations settings associated with electronic mail; and
- an Application object-oriented object (68) for storing information about configuration settings associated with software applications.

25. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

- locating a plurality of configuration settings on one or more source computing systems (12);
- extracting selected ones of the plurality of configuration settings from a plurality of locations on the plurality of source computing systems (12); and
- creating a plurality of transitions packages from the selected ones of the plurality of extracted configuration settings.

26. A computer readable medium having stored therein instructions for causing a central processing unit to execute the method of Claim 25.

27. The method of Claim 25 further comprising:

- infusing the one or more transition packages on one or more target computing systems (26) to automatically transition configuration settings from the one or more source computing systems (12) to the one or more target computing systems (26).

28. The method of Claim 27 wherein the step of infusing the one or more transition packages includes infusing the one or more transition packages on the one or more target computing systems (26) from one or more intermediate computing systems.

29. The method of Claim 25 wherein the step of creating a plurality of transitions packages from the selected ones of the plurality of extracted configuration settings includes creating a plurality of transitions packages from the selected ones of the plurality of extracted configuration settings on one or more intermediate computing systems.

30. The method of Claim 25 wherein the step of sending the plurality of transitions packages to one or more target computing systems (26) includes sending the plurality of transitions packages to one or more target computing systems (26) using one or more intermediate computing systems.

31. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

preparing an extraction plan and a transition plan with a User Interface application (20);
 locating a plurality of configuration settings on a source computing system (12) with an Extraction application (18) using a Personality object (58);
 extracting the plurality of configuration settings from a plurality of locations on the source computing system (12) with the Extraction application (18) and the extraction plan;
 storing the plurality of extracted configuration settings in a database format on the source computing system (12);
 manipulating the plurality of extracted configuration settings stored in the database format with a Preparation application (22) and the transition plan;
 preparing a transition package from the plurality of manipulated configuration settings stored in the database format with the Preparation application (22), wherein the transition package is used to transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26);
 preparing an Injection application (24) including the transition package with the Preparation application (22), wherein the Injection application (24) uses the transition package to transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to the target computing system (26); and
 sending the Injection application (24) including the transition package from the source computing system (12) to the target computing system (26).

32. A computer readable medium having stored therein instructions for causing a central processing unit to execute the method of Claim 31.

33. The method of Claim 31 further comprising:

receiving the Injection application (24) including the transition package on the target computing system (26) from the source computing system (12);
 infusing the transition package with the Injection application (24) on the target computing system (26) to transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to the target computing system (26); and
 optionally verifying configuration settings from the transition package with the Injection application (24) to ensure that the transition package has been correctly applied to the target computing system (26).

34. The method of Claim 31 wherein the Personality object (58) includes a computer readable medium having stored therein a plurality of object-oriented data structures for locating configuration settings on the source computing system (12), the computer readable medium comprising:

a Desktop object-oriented object (60) for storing information about configuration settings associated with a windowed graphical user interface;
 a Network object-oriented object (62) for storing information about of configuration settings associated with a computer network;
 an Internet object-oriented object (64) for storing information about of configuration settings associated with the Internet;
 a Mail object-oriented object (66) for storing information about configurations settings associated with electronic mail; and
 an Application object-oriented object (68) for storing information about configuration settings associated with software applications.

35. An automatic transition system (10), the system comprising in combination:

a user interface application (20) for preparing an extraction plan and a transition plan to extract and transition configuration settings from a source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26);
 an extraction application (18) for locating and extracting configuration settings on a source computing system (12) to transition to a target computing system (26), wherein the extraction application (18) uses a Personality object (58) to locate, and an extraction plan to extract configuration settings on the source computing system (12);
 a preparation application (22) for manipulating configuration settings extracted from a source computing system (12) and for preparing a transition package using a transition plan, wherein the transition package includes a plurality of manipulated configuration settings from the source computing system (12) and wherein the transition package is used to transition configuration settings from the source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26);

an injection application (24) for infusing manipulated configuration settings from a transition package to transition configuration settings from a source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26); and a database (16) for storing configuration settings extracted from a source computing system (12), manipulated configuration settings from a source computing system (12), and transition packages to transition configuration settings from a source computing system (12) to a target computing system (26).

Patentansprüche

1. Verfahren zum automatischen Transitionieren von Konfigurationseinstellungen von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26), umfassend die folgenden Schritte:

Lokalisieren einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem Quellcomputersystem (12) unter Verwendung eines Personalityobjekts (58);
Extrahieren der Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen von einer Vielzahl von Orten auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12);
Speichern der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen in einem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat;
Bearbeiten der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen, die in dem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat gespeichert sind; und
Erzeugen eines Transitionierungspakets aus der Vielzahl bearbeiteter Konfigurationseinstellungen, die in dem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat gespeichert sind, wobei das Transitionierungspaket verwendet wird, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren.

2. Computerlesbares Medium mit darin gespeicherten Anweisungen, damit bewirkt wird, dass eine zentrale Verarbeitungseinheit das Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 ausführt.

3. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, ferner umfassend:

Transferieren des Transitionierungspakets zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26); und
Einbringen des Transitionierungspakets auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26), um Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu dem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren.

4. Verfahren nach Anspruch 3, ferner umfassend:

Optionales Verifizieren, dass die Konfigurationseinstellungen in dem Transitionierungspaket korrekt auf das Zielcomputersystem (26) angewendet worden sind.

5. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Extrahierens der Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen das Extrahieren der Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen unter Verwendung eines Extraktionsplans einschließt.

6. Verfahren nach Anspruch 5, wobei der Extraktionsplan eine vollständige Liste der auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zur Verfügung stehenden Konfigurationseinstellungen, eine Ausschlussliste, um eine oder mehrere der Konfigurationseinstellungen von der vollständigen Liste auszuschließen, sowie eine Einschließungsliste einschließt, um lediglich ausgewählte Konfigurationseinstellungen von der vollständigen Liste einzuschließen.

7. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Speicherns der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen in einem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat das Speichern der Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen in einem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat einschließt, das für eine Datenbank (16) auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) geeignet ist.

8. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Speicherns der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen in einem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat das Speichern der extrahierten Konfigurationseinstellungen in einem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat in einem flüchtigen oder nichtflüchtigen Speicher auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) einschließt.

9. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Bearbeitens der Vielzahl von extrahierten Konfigurationsein-

stellungen, die in dem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat gespeichert sind, das Transitionieren einer ersten Konfigurationseinstellung in einem ersten Format, das auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) verwendet wird, in eine zweite Konfigurationseinstellung in einem zweiten Format einschließt, das auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26) verwendet wird.

5 10. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Bearbeitens der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen, die in dem vorbestimmten Transitionierungsformat gespeichert sind, ein Entfernen einer oder mehrerer der extrahierten Konfigurationseinstellungen einschließt.

10 11. Verfahren nach Anspruch 10, wobei die eine oder die mehreren extrahierten Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem Transitionierungsplan basierend entfernt werden.

12. Verfahren nach Anspruch 11, wobei der Transitionierungsplan eine vollständige Liste der von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) extrahierten Konfigurationseinstellungen, eine Ausschlussliste, um eine oder mehrere der Konfigurationseinstellungen von der vollständigen Liste auszuschließen, sowie eine Einschließungsliste einschließt, um lediglich ausgewählte Konfigurationseinstellungen von der vollständigen Liste einzuschließen.

13. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Erzeugens eines Transitionierungspakets aus einer Vielzahl von extrahierten Konfigurationseinstellungen das Erzeugen einer Liste von Befehlen einschließt gleichzeitig mit der Vielzahl von bearbeiteten Konfigurationseinstellungen und verwandter Daten für das Zielcomputersystem (26) einschließt.

14. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei das Personalityobjekt (58) ein computerlesbares Medium einschließt, in dem eine Vielzahl objektorientierter Datenstrukturen zum Lokalisieren von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) gespeichert sind, wobei das computerlesbare Medium umfasst:

ein objektorientiertes Desktopobjekt (60) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit einer mit Fenstern arbeitenden graphischen Benutzeroberfläche assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Netzwerkobjekt (62) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit einem Computernetzwerk assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Internetobjekt (64) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit dem Internet assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Mailobjekt (66) für Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit elektronischer Mail assoziiert sind; und

ein objektorientiertes Applikationsobjekt (68) für Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit Softwareapplikationen assoziiert sind.

15. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Lokalisierens einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen das Lokalisieren einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen mit einer Extraktionsapplikation (18) einschließt.

16. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Extrahierens einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen die Extraktion einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen mit einer Extraktionsapplikation (18) unter Verwendung eines Extraktionsplans einschließt.

17. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Bearbeitens der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen das Bearbeiten der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen mit einer Erzeugungssapplikation (22) unter Verwendung eines Transitionierungsplans einschließt.

18. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Schritt des Erzeugens eines Transitionierungspakets aus der Vielzahl bearbeiteter Konfigurationseinstellungen das Erzeugen eines Transitionierungspakets mit einer Erzeugungssapplikation (22) einschließt, wobei das Transitionierungspaket innerhalb einer Injektionsapplikation (24) eingeschlossen ist, die von der Erzeugungssapplikation (22) erzeugt ist.

19. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 ferner umfassend:

Empfangen eines Transitionierungspakets auf einem Zielcomputersystem (26) von einem Quellcomputersystem (12), wobei das Transitionierungspaket eine Vielzahl bearbeiteter Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) einschließt und wobei das Transitionierungspaket verwendet wird, um bearbeitete

Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu dem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren;

Einbringen des Transitionierungspakets auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26), um automatisch die Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu dem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren; und
Optionales Verifizieren der Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26), um sicherzustellen, dass das Transitionierungspaket korrekt auf das Zielcomputersystem (26) angewendet worden ist.

20. Computerlesbares Medium mit darin gespeicherten Anweisungen, damit bewirkt wird, dass eine zentrale Verarbeitungseinheit das Verfahren nach Anspruch 19 ausführt.

21. Verfahren nach Anspruch 19, wobei der Schritt des Empfangens eines Transitionierungspakets auf einem Zielcomputersystem (26) das Empfangen einer Injektionsapplikation (24) einschließt, die das Transitionierungspaket einschließt.

22. Verfahren nach Anspruch 19, wobei der Schritt des Einbringens des Transitionierungspakets auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26) das Einbringen des Transitionierungspakets mit einer Injektionsapplikation (24) einschließt, wobei die Injektionsapplikation (24) das Transitionierungspaket einschließt.

23. Verfahren nach Anspruch 19, wobei der Schritt des optionalen Verifizierens der Konfigurationseinstellungen das optionale Verifizieren der Konfigurationseinstellungen mit einer Injektionsapplikation (24) einschließt.

24. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 ferner umfassend ein computerlesbares Medium mit einer darin gespeicherten Vielzahl von objektorientierten Datenstrukturen für ein Personalityobjekt (58) zum Lokalisieren von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem Quellcomputersystem (12), wobei das computerlesbare Medium umfasst:

ein objektorientiertes Desktopobjekt (60) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit einer mit Fenstern arbeitenden graphischen Benutzeroberfläche assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Netzwerkobjekt (62) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit einem Computernetzwerk assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Internetobjekt (64) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit dem Internet assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Mailobjekt (66) für Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit elektronischer Mail assoziiert sind; und

ein objektorientiertes Applikationsobjekt (68) für Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit Softwareapplikationen assoziiert sind.

25. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 ferner umfassend:

Lokalisieren einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem oder mehreren Quellcomputersystemen (12);

Extrahieren ausgewählter Konfigurationseinstellungen aus der Vielzahl der Konfigurationseinstellungen von einer Vielzahl von Orten auf der Vielzahl von Quellcomputersystemen (12); und

Erzeugen einer Vielzahl von Transitionierungspaketen aus den ausgewählten Konfigurationseinstellungen der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen.

26. Computerlesbares Medium mit darin gespeicherten Anweisungen, damit bewirkt wird, dass eine zentrale Verarbeitungseinheit das Verfahren nach Anspruch 25 ausführt.

27. Verfahren nach Anspruch 25 ferner umfassend:

Einbringen der einen oder der mehreren Transitionierungspakete auf ein oder mehrere Zielcomputersysteme (26), um automatisch die Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem einen oder den mehreren Quellcomputersystemen (12) zu dem einen oder den mehreren Zielcomputersystemen (26) zu transitionieren.

28. Verfahren nach Anspruch 27, wobei der Schritt des Einbringens des einen oder der mehreren Transitionierungspakete das Einbringen des einen Transitionierungspakets oder der mehreren Transitionierungspakete auf dem einen oder den mehreren Zielcomputersystemen (26) von einem oder mehreren Zwischencomputersystemen ein-

schließt.

29. Verfahren nach Anspruch 25, wobei der Schritt des Erzeugens einer Vielzahl von Transitionierungspaketen aus ausgewählten Konfigurationseinstellungen der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen das Erzeugen einer Vielzahl von Transitionierungspaketen aus ausgewählten Konfigurationseinstellungen der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem oder mehreren Zwischencomputersystemen einschließt.

30. Verfahren nach Anspruch 25, wobei der Schritt des Sendens der Vielzahl von Transitionierungspaketen zu einem oder mehreren Zielcomputersystemen (26) das Senden der Vielzahl von Transitionierungspaketen zu einem oder mehreren Zielcomputersystemen (26) unter Verwendung eines oder mehrerer Zwischencomputersysteme einschließt.

31. Verfahren nach Anspruch 1 ferner umfassend:

Erzeugen eines Extraktionsplans und eines Transitionierungsplans mit einer Benutzerschnittstellenapplikation (20);

Lokalisieren einer Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem Quellcomputersystem (12) mit einer Extraktionsapplikation (18) unter Verwendung eines Personalityobjekts (58);

Extrahieren der Vielzahl von Konfigurationseinstellungen von einer Vielzahl von Orten auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) mit der Extraktionsapplikation (18) und dem Extraktionsplan;

Speichern der Vielzahl extrahierter Konfigurationseinstellungen in einem Datenbankformat auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12);

Bearbeiten der Vielzahl von extrahierten Konfigurationseinstellungen, die in dem Datenbankformat gespeichert sind, mit einer Erzeugungsapplikation (22) und dem Transitionierungsplan;

Erzeugen eines Transitionierungspakets aus der Vielzahl der in dem Datenbankformat gespeicherten, bearbeiteten Konfigurationseinstellungen mit der Erzeugungsapplikation (22), wobei das Transitionierungspaket verwendet wird, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren;

Erzeugen einer Injektionsapplikation (24) einschließlich des Transitionierungspakets mit der Erzeugungsapplikation (22), wobei die Injektionsapplikation (24) das Transitionierungspaket verwendet, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu dem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren; und Senden der Injektionsapplikation (24) einschließlich des Transitionierungspakets von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu dem Zielcomputersystem (26).

32. Computerlesbares Medium mit darin gespeicherten Anweisungen, damit bewirkt wird, dass eine zentrale Verarbeitungseinheit das Verfahren nach Anspruch 31 ausführt.

33. Verfahren nach Anspruch 31 ferner umfassend:

Empfangen der Injektionsapplikation (24) einschließlich des Transitionierungspakets auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26) von dem Quellcomputersystem (12);

Einbringen des Transitionierungspakets mit der Injektionsapplikation (24) auf dem Zielcomputersystem (26), um Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu dem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren; und

Optionales Verifizieren von Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Transitionierungspaket mit der Injektionsapplikation (24), um sicherzustellen, dass das Transitionierungspaket korrekt auf das Zielcomputersystem (26) angewendet worden ist.

34. Verfahren nach Anspruch 31, wobei das Personalityobjekt (58) ein computerlesbares Medium einschließt, in dem eine Vielzahl objektorientierter Datenstrukturen gespeichert sind zum Lokalisieren von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12), wobei das computerlesbare Medium umfasst:

ein objektorientiertes Desktopobjekt (60) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit einer mit Fenstern arbeitenden graphischen Benutzeroberfläche assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Netzwerkobjekt (62) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit einem Computernetzwerk assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Internetobjekt (64) zum Speichern von Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit dem Internet assoziiert sind;

ein objektorientiertes Mailobjekt (66) für Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit elektronischer Mail assoziiert sind; und
ein objektorientiertes Applikationsobjekt (68) für Information über Konfigurationseinstellungen, die mit Softwareapplikationen assoziiert sind.

35. Automatisches Transitionierungssystem (10), das in Kombination umfasst:

eine Benutzerschnittstellenapplikation (20) zum Erzeugen eines Extraktionsplans und eines Transitionierungsplans, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu extrahieren und zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren;

eine Extraktionsapplikation (18) zum Lokalisieren und Extrahieren von Konfigurationseinstellungen auf einem Quellcomputersystem (12), um diese zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren, wobei die Extraktionsapplikation (18) ein Personalityobjekt (58) verwendet, um Konfigurationseinstellungen auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu lokalisieren, und einen Extraktionsplan verwendet, um Konfigurationseinstellungen auf dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu extrahieren;

eine Erzeugungssapplikation (22) zum Bearbeiten von Konfigurationseinstellungen, die von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) extrahiert worden sind, und zum Erzeugen eines Transitionierungspakets unter Verwendung eines Transitionierungsplans, wobei das Transitionierungspaket eine Vielzahl bearbeiteter Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) einschließt und wobei das Transitionierungspaket verwendet wird, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von dem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren;

eine Injektionsapplikation (24) zum Einbringen bearbeiteter Konfigurationseinstellungen von einem Transitionierungspaket, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren; und

eine Datenbank (16) zum Speichern von Konfigurationseinstellungen, die von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) extrahiert worden sind, von bearbeiteten Konfigurationseinstellungen von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) und von Transitionierungspaketen, um Konfigurationseinstellungen von einem Quellcomputersystem (12) zu einem Zielcomputersystem (26) zu transitionieren.

Revendications

1. Procédé pour faire passer automatiquement des paramètres de configuration d'un système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26), comprenant les étapes consistant à:

localiser une pluralité de paramètres de configuration sur un système informatique source (12) à l'aide d'un objet Personnalité (58);

extraire la pluralité de paramètres de configuration d'une pluralité d'emplacements sur le système informatique source (12);

stocker la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits dans un format de transition prédéterminé; manipuler la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits stockés dans le format de transition prédéterminé; et

préparer un bloc de transition à partir de la pluralité de paramètres de configuration manipulés stockés dans le format de transition prédéterminé, tandis que le bloc de transition est utilisé pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration du système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26).

2. Support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel sont stockées des instructions pour amener une unité de traitement centrale à exécuter le procédé selon la revendication 1.

3. Procédé selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre les étapes consistant à:

transférer le bloc de transition vers un système informatique cible (26); et
introduire le bloc de transition sur le système informatique cible (26) pour faire passer les paramètres de configuration du système informatique source (12) vers le système informatique cible (26).

4. Procédé selon la revendication 3, comprenant en outre l'étape consistant à :

vérifier en option que les paramètres de configuration dans le bloc de transition ont été correctement appliqués

au système informatique cible (26).

5. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à extraire la pluralité de paramètres de configuration comprend l'étape consistant à extraire la pluralité de paramètres de configuration à l'aide d'un plan d'extraction.
6. Procédé selon la revendication 5, dans lequel le plan d'extraction comprend une liste complète de paramètres de configuration disponibles sur le système informatique source (12), une liste d'exclusion, pour exclure un ou plusieurs paramètres de configuration de la liste complète, et une liste d'inclusion, pour inclure uniquement certains paramètres sélectionnés parmi les paramètres de configuration de la liste complète.
7. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à stocker la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits dans un format de transition prédéterminé comprend l'étape consistant à stocker la pluralité de paramètres de configuration dans un format de transition prédéterminé adapté à une base de données (16) sur le système informatique source (12).
8. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à stocker la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits dans un format de transition prédéterminé comprend l'étape consistant à stocker les paramètres de configuration extraits dans un format de transition prédéterminé dans une mémoire volatile ou non volatile sur le système informatique source (12).
9. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à manipuler la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits stockés dans le format de transition prédéterminé comprend l'étape consistant à transformer un premier paramètre de configuration dans un premier format utilisé sur le système informatique source (12) en un deuxième paramètre de configuration dans un deuxième format utilisé sur le système informatique cible (26).
10. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à manipuler la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits stockés dans le format de transition prédéterminé comprend l'étape consistant à supprimer un ou plusieurs des paramètres de configuration extraits.
11. Procédé selon la revendication 10, dans lequel un ou plusieurs des paramètres de configuration extraits sont supprimés sur la base d'un plan de transition.
12. Procédé selon la revendication 11, dans lequel le plan de transition comprend une liste complète des paramètres de configuration extraits du système informatique source (12), une liste d'exclusion, pour exclure un ou plusieurs paramètres de configuration de la liste complète, et une liste d'inclusion, pour inclure uniquement certains paramètres sélectionnés parmi les paramètres de configuration de la liste complète.
13. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à préparer un bloc de transition à partir d'une pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits comprend l'étape consistant à préparer une liste de commandes en même temps que la pluralité de paramètres de configuration manipulés et que les données associées pour le système informatique cible (26).
14. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'objet Personnalité (58) comprend un support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel est stockée une pluralité de structures de données orientées objet pour localiser des paramètres de configuration sur le système informatique source (12), le support déchiffrable par ordinateur comprenant:
 - un objet Bureau (60) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à une interface utilisateur graphique avec fenêtre;
 - un objet Réseau (62) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à un réseau informatique;
 - un objet Internet (64) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à Internet;
 - un objet Courrier (66) orienté objet pour des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés au courrier électronique; et
 - un objet Application (68) orienté objet pour des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à des applications logicielles.

15. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à localiser une pluralité de paramètres de configuration comprend l'étape consistant à localiser une pluralité de paramètres de configuration avec une application d'Extraction (18).

5 16. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à extraire une pluralité de paramètres de configuration comprend l'étape consistant à extraire une pluralité de paramètres de configuration avec une application d'Extraction (18) à l'aide d'un plan d'extraction.

10 17. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à manipuler la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits comprend l'étape consistant à manipuler la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits avec une application de Préparation (22) à l'aide d'un plan de transition.

15 18. Procédé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel l'étape consistant à préparer un bloc de transition à partir de la pluralité de paramètres de configuration manipulés comprend l'étape consistant à préparer un bloc de transition avec une application de Préparation (22), dans laquelle le bloc de transition est inclus dans une application d'Injection (24) préparée par l'application de Préparation (22).

19. Procédé selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre les étapes consistant à:

20 recevoir un bloc de transition sur un système informatique cible (26) depuis un système informatique source (12), dans laquelle le bloc de transition comprend une pluralité de paramètres de configuration manipulés depuis le système informatique source (12) et dans laquelle le bloc de transition est utilisé pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration manipulés du système informatique source (12) vers le système informatique cible (26);

25 introduire le bloc de transition sur le système informatique cible (26) pour faire passer automatiquement les paramètres de configuration du système informatique source (12) vers le système informatique cible (26); et vérifier en option les paramètres de configuration issus du système informatique source (12) sur le système informatique cible (26) pour s'assurer que le bloc de transition a été correctement appliqué au système informatique cible (26).

30 20. Support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel sont stockées des instructions pour amener une unité de traitement centrale à exécuter le procédé selon la revendication 19.

35 21. Procédé selon la revendication 19, dans lequel l'étape consistant à recevoir un bloc de transition sur un système informatique cible (26) comprend l'étape consistant à recevoir une application d'Injection (24) comprenant le bloc de transition.

40 22. Procédé selon la revendication 19, dans lequel l'étape consistant à introduire le bloc de transition dans le système informatique cible (26) comprend l'étape consistant à introduire le bloc de transition avec une application d'Injection (24), dans laquelle l'application d'Injection (24) comprend le bloc de transition.

45 23. Procédé selon la revendication 19, dans lequel l'étape consistant à vérifier en option des paramètres de configuration comprend l'étape consistant à vérifier en option des paramètres de configuration avec une application d'Injection (24).

50 24. Procédé selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre un support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel est stockée une pluralité de structures de données orientées objet pour un objet Personnalité (58) pour localiser les paramètres de configuration sur un système informatique source (12), le support déchiffrable par ordinateur comprenant:

un objet Bureau (60) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à une interface utilisateur graphique avec fenêtre;

un objet Réseau (62) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à un réseau informatique;

55 un objet Internet (64) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à Internet;

un objet Courrier (66) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés au courrier électronique; et

un objet Application (68) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à des applications logicielles.

25. Procédé selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre les étapes consistant à:

localiser une pluralité de paramètres de configuration sur un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques sources (12);
extraire certains paramètres sélectionnés parmi la pluralité de paramètres de configuration d'une pluralité d'emplacements sur la pluralité de systèmes informatiques sources (12); et
créer une pluralité de blocs de transition à partir de paramètres sélectionnés parmi la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits.

26. Support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel sont stockées des instructions pour amener une unité de traitement centrale à exécuter le procédé selon la revendication 25.

27. Procédé selon la revendication 25, comprenant en outre l'étape consistant à:

introduire le ou les blocs de transition sur un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques cibles (26) pour faire passer automatiquement les paramètres de configuration du ou des systèmes informatiques sources (12) vers le ou les systèmes informatiques cibles (26).

28. Procédé selon la revendication 27, dans lequel l'étape consistant à introduire un ou plusieurs blocs de transition comprend l'étape consistant à introduire un ou plusieurs blocs de transition sur un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques cibles (26) depuis un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques intermédiaires.

29. Procédé selon la revendication 25, dans lequel l'étape consistant à créer une pluralité de blocs de transition à partir de paramètres sélectionnés parmi la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits comprend l'étape consistant à créer une pluralité de blocs de transition à partir de paramètres sélectionnés parmi la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits sur un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques intermédiaires.

30. Procédé selon la revendication 25, dans lequel l'étape consistant à envoyer la pluralité de blocs de transition vers un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques cibles (26) comprend l'étape consistant à envoyer la pluralité de blocs de transition vers un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques cibles (26) à l'aide d'un ou plusieurs systèmes informatiques intermédiaires.

31. Procédé selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre les étapes consistant à:

préparer un plan d'extraction et un plan de transition avec une application d'Interface Utilisateur (20);
localiser une pluralité de paramètres de configuration sur un système informatique source (12) avec une application d'Extraction (18) à l'aide d'un objet Personnalité (58);
extraire la pluralité de paramètres de configuration d'une pluralité d'emplacements sur le système informatique source (12) avec l'application d'Extraction (18) et le plan d'extraction;
stocker la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits dans un format de base de données sur le système informatique source (12);
manipuler la pluralité de paramètres de configuration extraits stockés dans un format de base de données avec une application de Préparation (22) et le plan de transition;
préparer un bloc de transition à partir de la pluralité de paramètres de configuration manipulés stockés dans le format de base de données avec l'application de Préparation (22), dans laquelle le bloc de transition est utilisé pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration depuis le système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26);
préparer une application d'Injection (24) comprenant le bloc de transition avec l'application de Préparation (22), dans laquelle l'application d'Injection (24) utilise le bloc de transition pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration du système informatique source (12) vers le système informatique cible (26); et
envoyer l'application d'Injection (24) comprenant le bloc de transition du système informatique source (12) vers le système informatique cible (26).

32. Support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel sont stockées des instructions pour amener une unité de traitement centrale à exécuter le procédé selon la revendication 31.

33. Procédé selon la revendication 31, comprenant en outre les étapes consistant à:

recevoir l'application d'injection (24) comprenant le bloc de transition sur le système informatique cible (26) depuis le système informatique source (12);

introduire le bloc de transition avec l'application d'injection (24) sur le système informatique cible (26) pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration du système informatique source (12) vers le système informatique cible (26); et

vérifier en option les paramètres de configuration du bloc de transition avec l'application d'injection (24) pour s'assurer que le bloc de transition a été correctement appliqué au système informatique cible (26).

34. Procédé selon la revendication 31, dans lequel l'objet personnalité (58) comprend un support déchiffrable par ordinateur, dans lequel est stockée une pluralité de structures de données orientées objet pour localiser des paramètres de configuration sur le système informatique source (12), le support déchiffrable par ordinateur comprenant:

un objet Bureau (60) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à une interface utilisateur graphique avec fenêtre;

un objet Réseau (62) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à un réseau informatique;

un objet Internet (64) orienté objet pour stocker des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à Internet;

un objet Courrier (66) orienté objet pour des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés au courrier électronique; et

un objet Application (68) orienté objet pour des informations sur les paramètres de configuration associés à des applications logicielles.

35. Système de transition automatique (10), le système comprenant une association entre:

une application d'interface utilisateur (20) pour préparer un plan d'extraction et un plan de transition pour extraire et faire passer des paramètres de configuration d'un système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26);

une application d'extraction (18) pour localiser et extraire des paramètres de configuration sur un système informatique source (12) pour les faire passer vers un système informatique cible (26), dans lequel l'application d'extraction (18) utilise un objet Personnalité (58) pour localiser, et un plan d'extraction pour extraire des paramètres de configuration sur le système informatique source (12);

une application de préparation (22) pour manipuler des paramètres de configuration extraits d'un système informatique source (12) et pour préparer un bloc de transition à l'aide d'un plan de transition, dans lequel le bloc de transition comprend une pluralité de paramètres de configuration manipulés depuis le système informatique cible (12) et dans lequel le bloc de transition est utilisé pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration du système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26);

une application d'injection (24) pour introduire des paramètres de configuration manipulés à partir d'un bloc de transition pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration d'un système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26); et

une base de données (16) pour stocker des paramètres de configuration extraits d'un système informatique source (12), des paramètres de configuration manipulés depuis un système informatique source (12), et des blocs de transition pour faire passer des paramètres de configuration d'un système informatique source (12) vers un système informatique cible (26).

FIG. 1

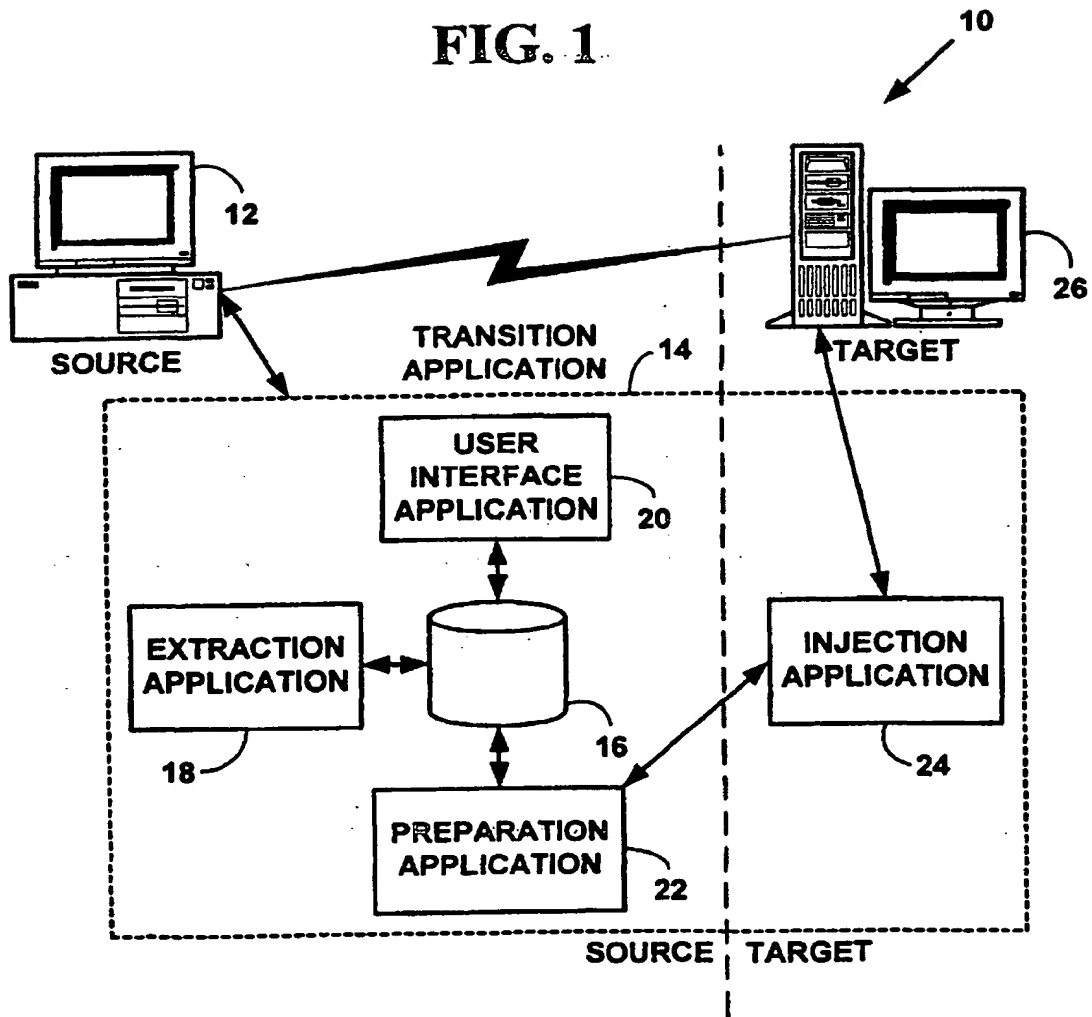


FIG. 2

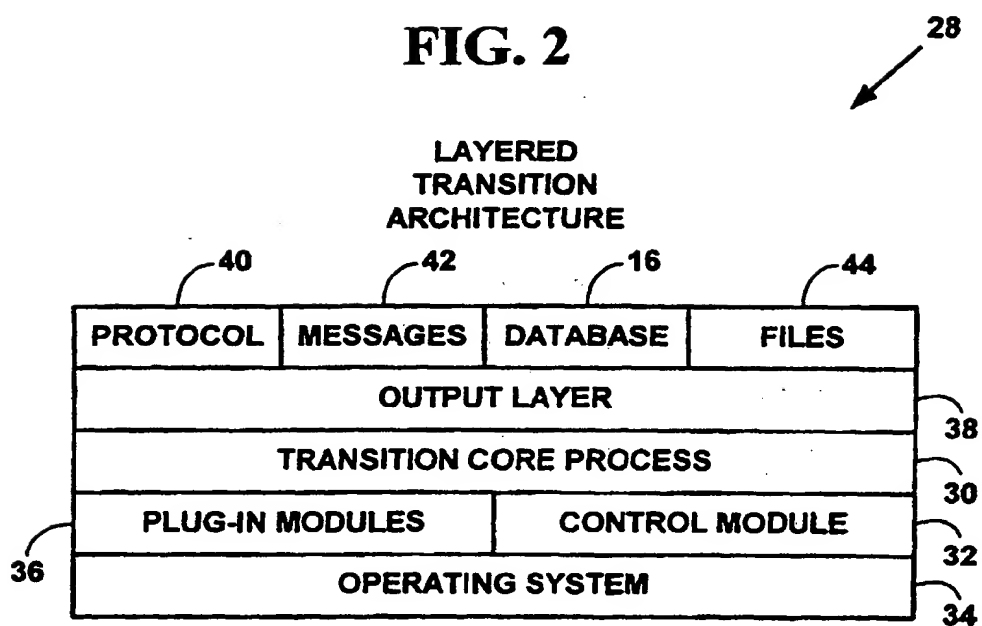


FIG. 3

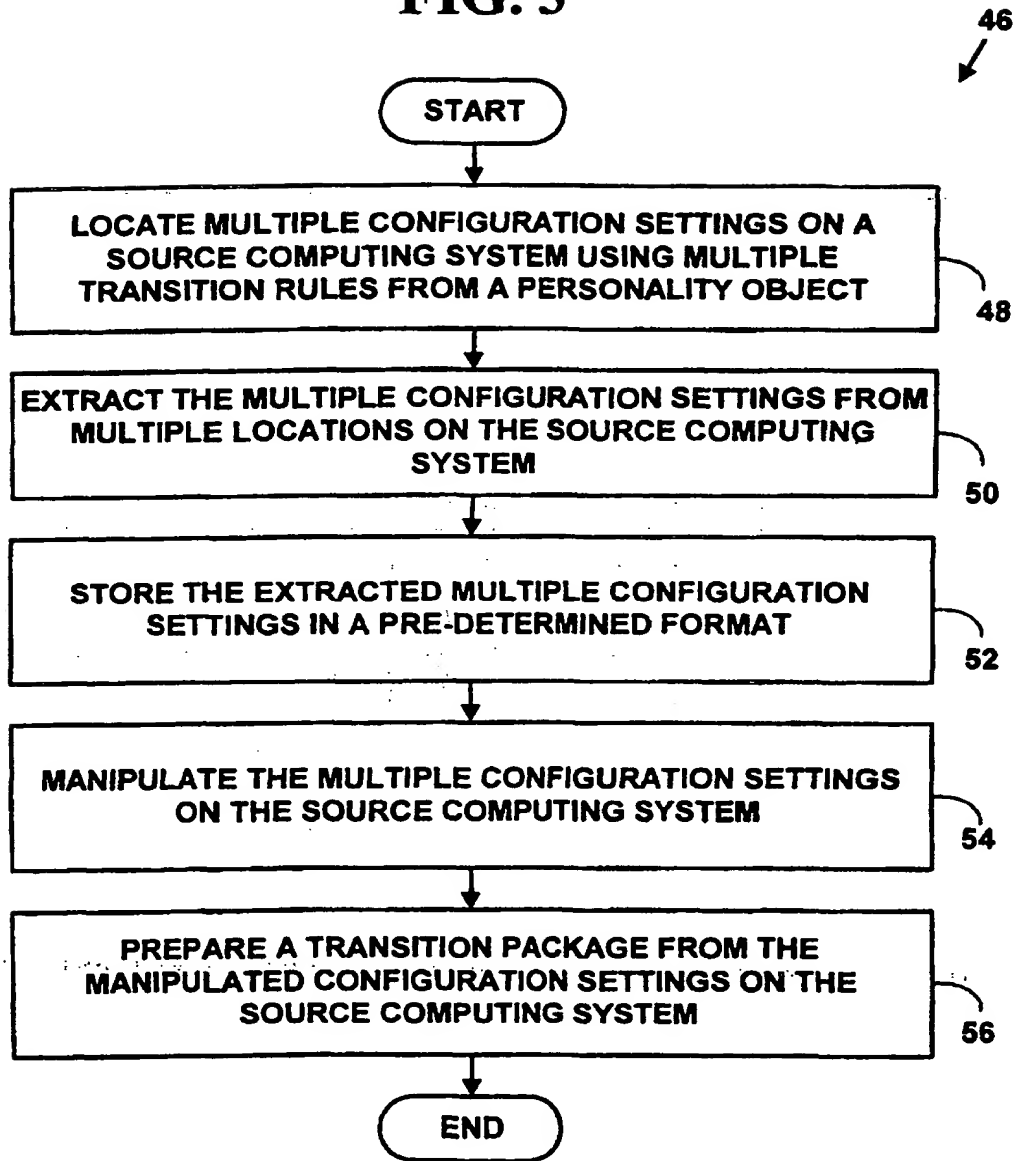


FIG. 4

PERSONALITY OBJECT

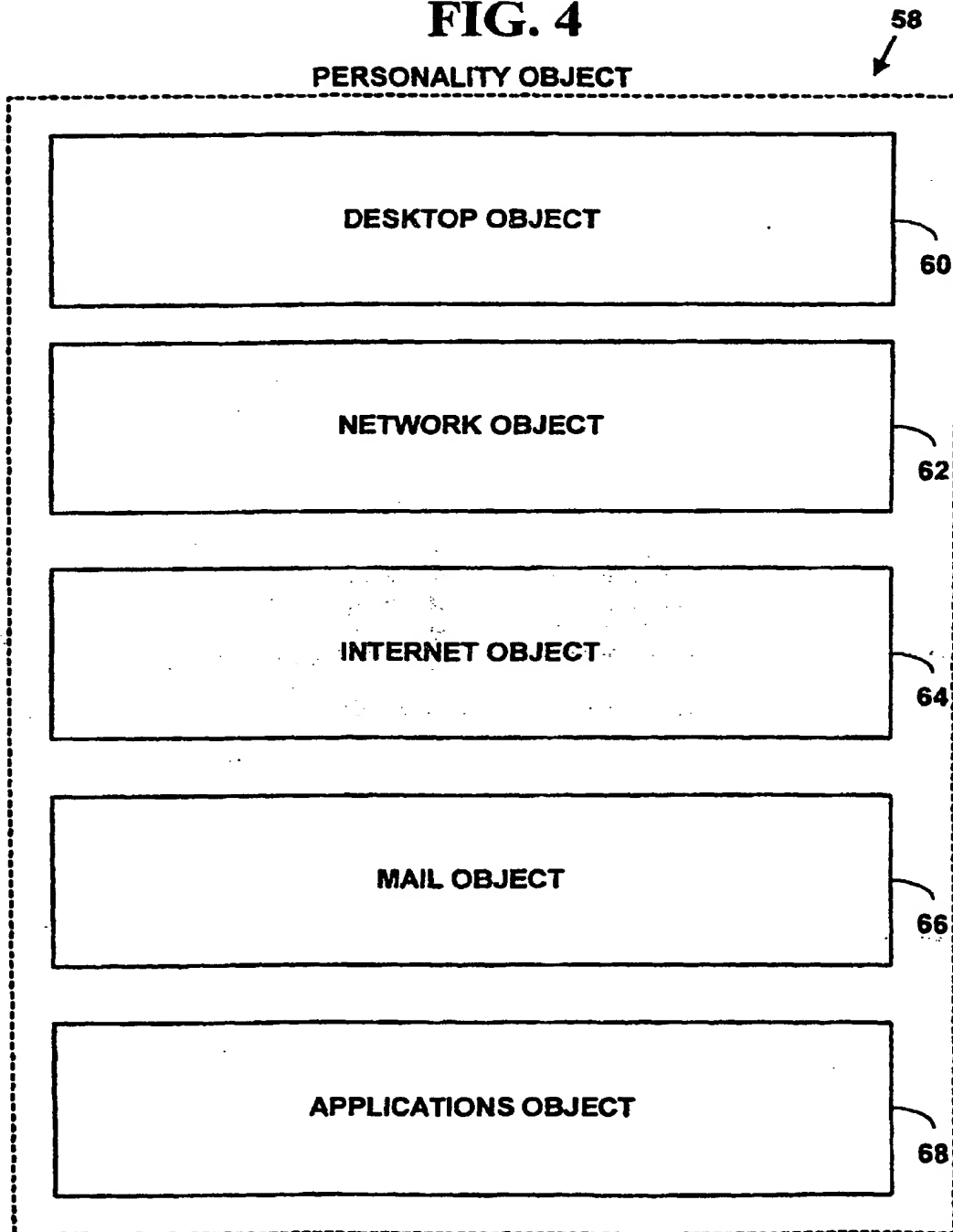


FIG. 5

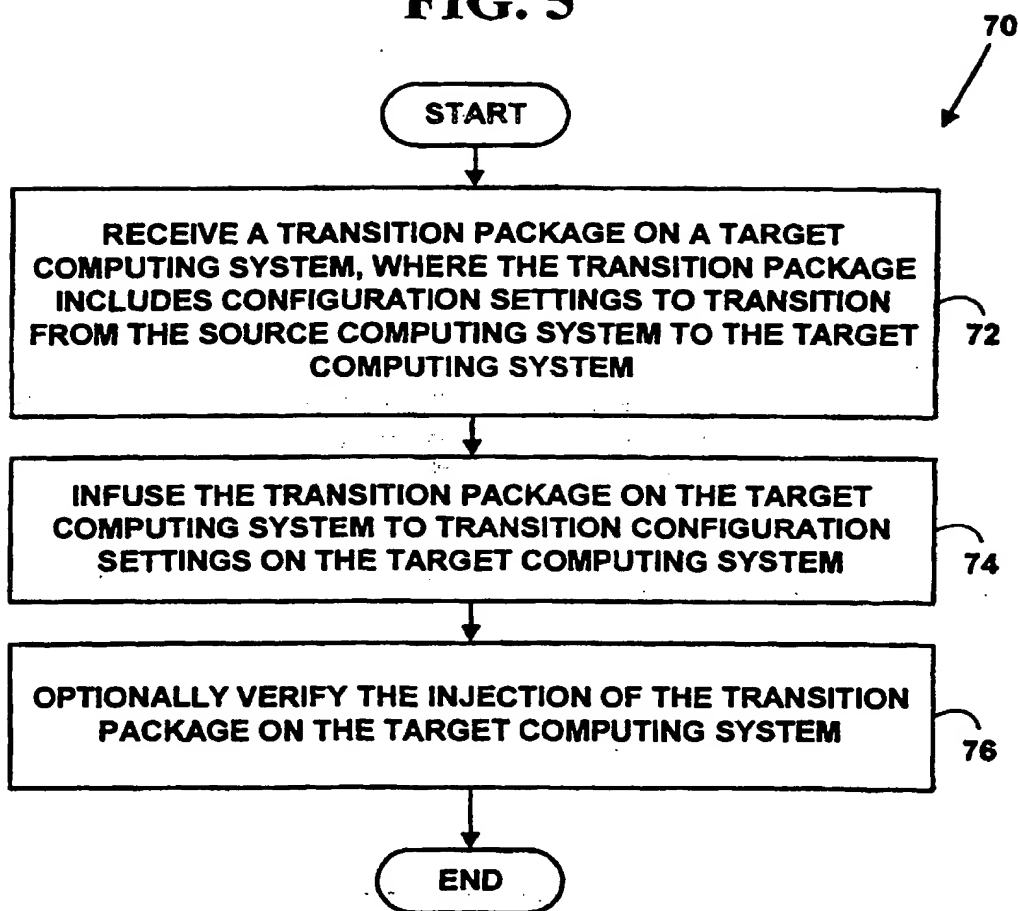


FIG. 6A

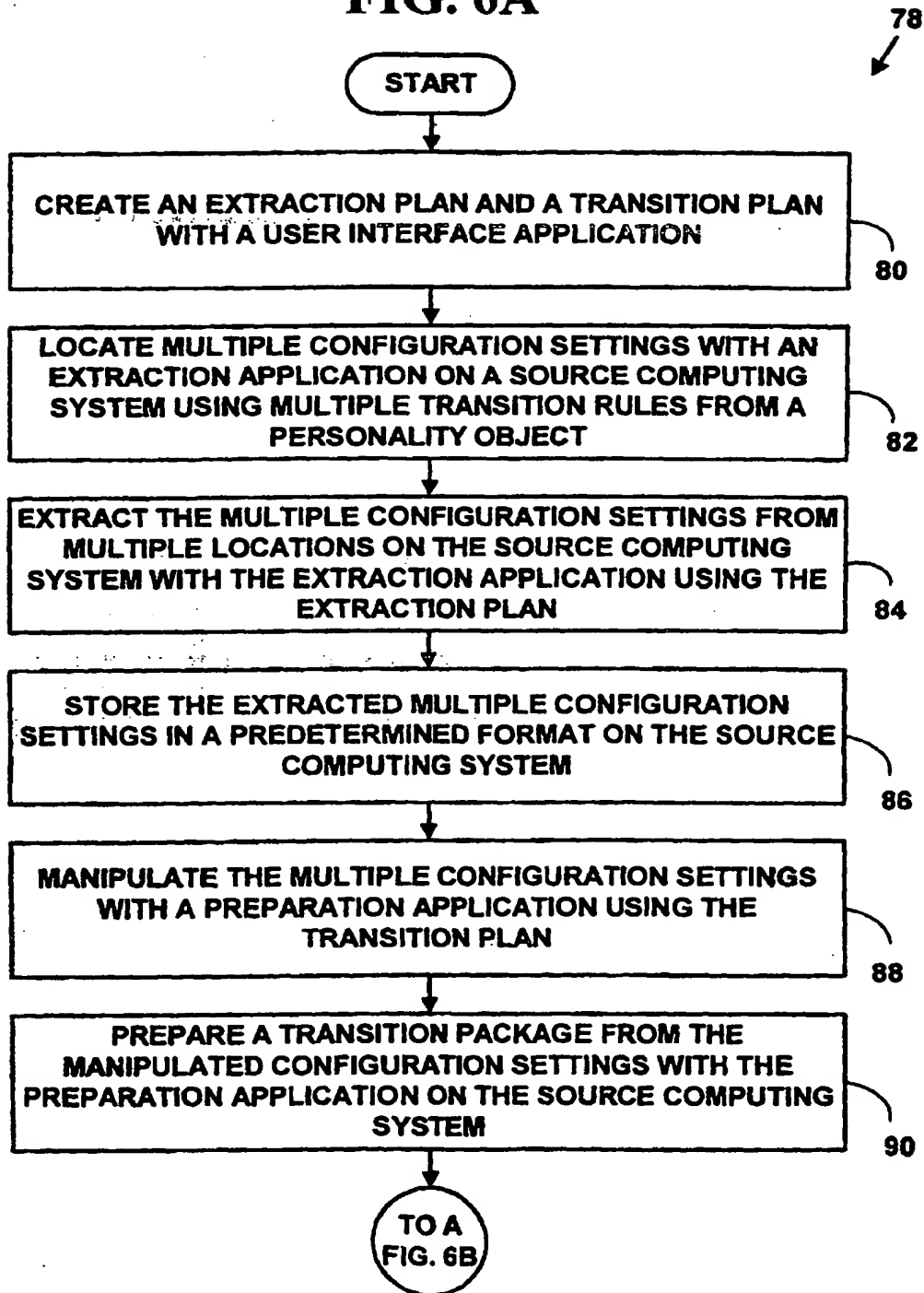


FIG. 6B

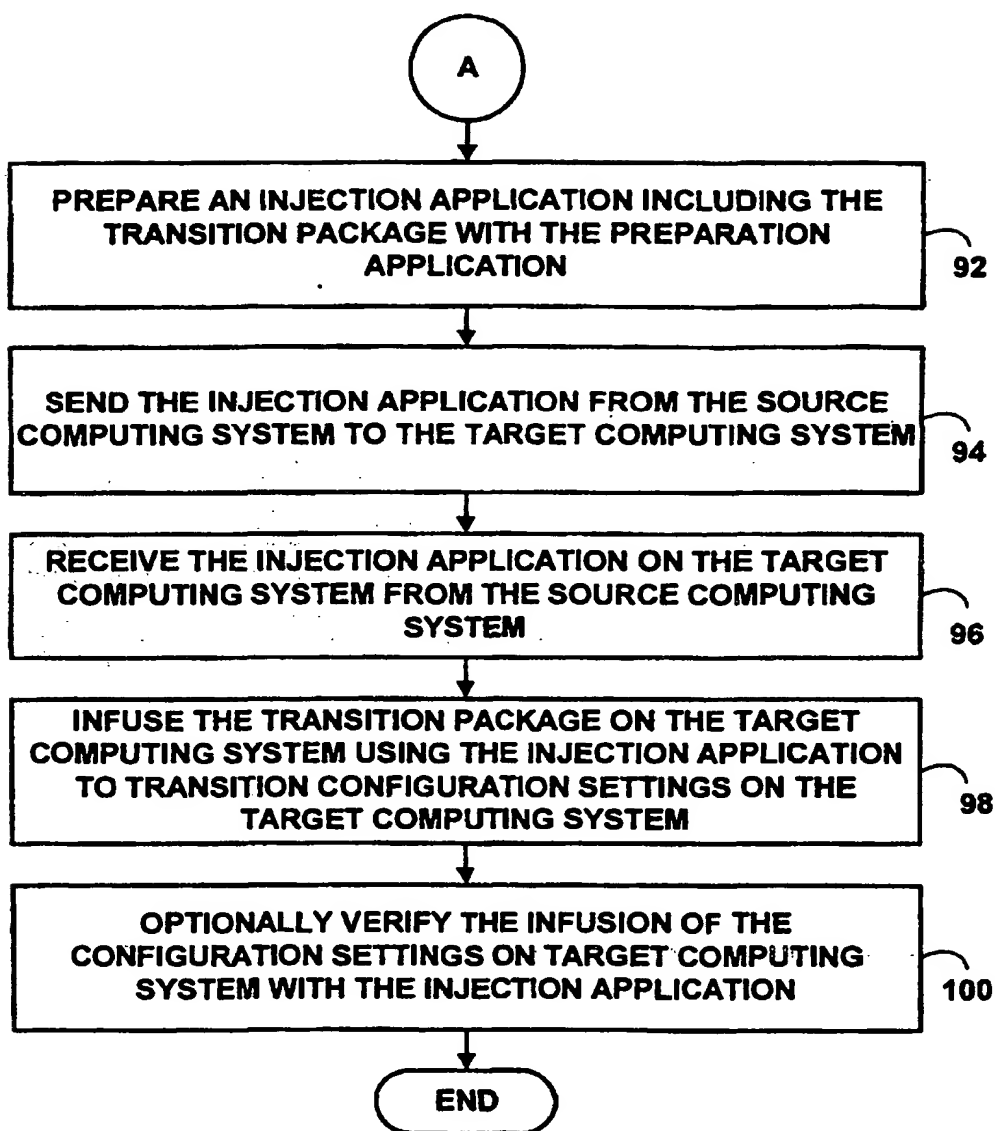
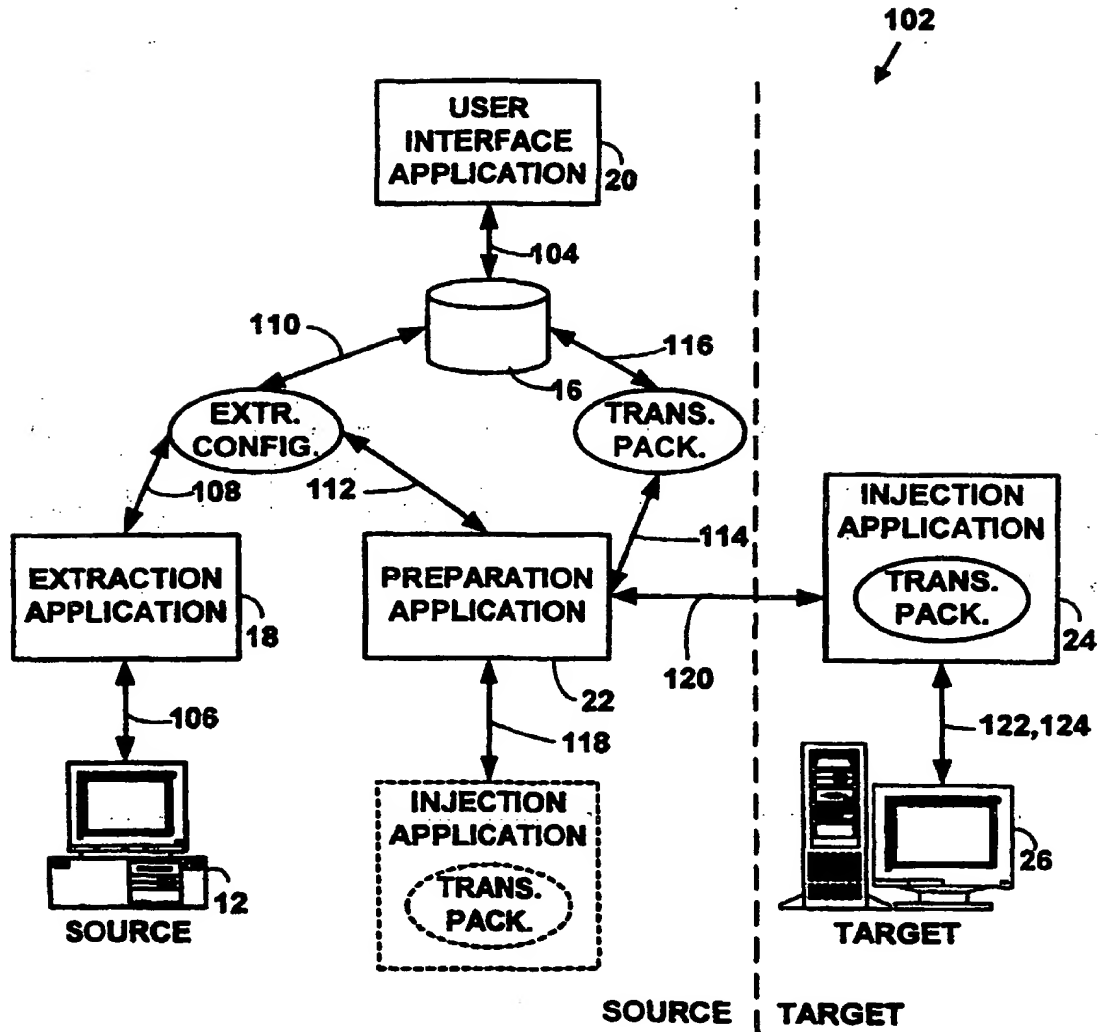


FIG. 7



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